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Foreword

Math Mammoth Grade 2-A and Grade 2-B worktexts comprise a complete math curriculum for the second grade mathematics studies. This curriculum is aligned to the Common Core standards. The four main areas of study for second grade are:

- 1. Understanding of the base-ten system within 1000. This includes place value with three-digit numbers, skipcounting in fives, tens, and multiples of hundreds, tens, and ones (within 1000). (chapters 6 and 8);
- 2. Develop fluency with addition and subtraction within 100, including solving word problems, regrouping in addition, and regrouping in subtraction (chapters 1, 3, 4, and 8);
- 3. Using standard units of measure (chapter 7);
- 4. Describing and analyzing shapes (chapter 5).

Additional topics we study are time (chapter 2), money (chapter 9), introduction to multiplication (chapter 10), and bar graphs and picture graphs (in various chapters).

This book, 2-B, covers three-digit numbers (chapter 6), measuring (chapter 7), regrouping in addition and subtraction (chapter 8), counting coins (chapter 9), and an introduction to multiplication (chapter 10). The rest of the topics are covered in the 2-A student worktext.

When you use these two books as your only or main mathematics curriculum, they are like a "framework," but you still have a lot of liberty in planning your child's studies. While addition and subtraction topics are best studied in the order they are presented, feel free to go through the geometry, clock, and money sections in a different order. For the chapter on measuring, the child should be familiar with three-digit numbers.

This might even be advisable if your child is "stuck" on some concept, or is getting bored. Sometimes the brain "mulls it over" in the background, and the concept he/she was stuck on can become clear after a break.

Math Mammoth aims to concentrate on a few major topics at a time, and study them in depth. This is totally opposite to the continually spiraling step-by-step curricula, in which each lesson typically is about a different topic from the previous or next lesson, and includes a lot of review problems from past topics.

This does not mean that your child wouldn't need occasional review. However, when each major topic is presented in its own chapter, this gives you more freedom to plan the course of study *and* choose the review times yourself. In fact, I totally encourage you to plan your mathematics school year as a set of certain topics, instead of a certain book or certain pages from a book.

For review, the download version includes an html page called *Make_extra_worksheets_grade2.htm* that you can use to make additional worksheets for computation or for number charts. You can also simply reprint some already studied pages. Also, chapter 3, which practices addition and subtraction facts within 18, contains a lot of pages with problems, so you can choose to "save" some of them for later review.

I wish you success in your math teaching!

Maria Miller, the author

Chapter 6: Three-Digit Numbers Introduction

The sixth chapter of *Math Mammoth Grade 2* deals with three-digit numbers, or numbers up to one thousand.

The first lesson presents three-digit numbers with hundred-flats, ten-pillars, and one-cubes. Next, we study three-digit numbers on a number line. In the lesson <u>Forming Numbers—and Breaking Them Apart</u> the child practices separating three-digit numbers into the different "parts": hundreds, tens, and ones. These first three lessons provide the basis for understanding three-digit numbers and place value.

Next, we study <u>Skip-Counting by Tens</u>, and soon also by twos and fives. Then we compare and order three-digit numbers.

After this, the lessons change to mental math. First, we study <u>Adding and Subtracting Whole Hundreds</u> mentally. Students practice completing the next hundred (problems such as $260 + __= 300$). Then it is time to add and subtract whole tens mentally. Along the way, students also solve word problems and other types of problems.

The chapter ends with some bar graphs and pictographs, which provide a nice application for now learned three-digit numbers.

	page	span
Three-Digit Numbers	10	4 pages
Hundreds on the Number Line	14	2 pages
Forming Numbers—and Breaking Them Apart	16	2 pages
Skip-Counting by Tens	18	3 pages
More Skip-Counting	21	2 pages
Which Number Is Greater?	23	3 pages
Comparing Numbers and Some Review	26	3 pages
Add and Subtract Whole Hundreds	29	2 pages
Practice with Whole Hundreds	31	3 pages
Completing the Next Hundred	34	3 pages
Adding Whole Tens	37	3 pages
Subtract Whole Tens	40	3 pages
Patterns and Problems	43	3 pages
Bar Graphs and Pictographs	46	4 pages
Mixed Review	50	2 pages
Review	52	3 pages

The Lessons

Helpful Resources on the Internet

Use these free online resources to supplement the "bookwork" as you see fit.

Base Ten Blocks

Click "Next problem" to get a number to make with the blocks. You can adjust the number of columns to make the problem easier or more challenging. http://www.hoodamath.com/mobile/games/basetenblocks.html

Fruit Shoot Place Value

"Shoot" the fruit that has the correct answer. Choose the level "hard". http://www.sheppardsoftware.com/mathgames/placevalue/fruit_shoot_place_value.htm

Place Value Crossword Puzzle

Fill in the puzzle by answering the questions. http://www.free-training-tutorial.com/word-games/crossword-puzzles-place-value-3.html

Place Value to Thousands

Multiple choice questions; help the duck swing his golf club. http://www.toonuniversity.com/flash.asp?err=496&engine=5

Cookie Dough

Either spell the number in words or write the digits. http://www.funbrain.com/numwords/index.html

Placing Numbers on a Number Line

Choose one type of number line or several for more of a challenge. Work quickly to get more time, build your score and climb up the leaderboard. Click "full screen", then choose "Between multiples of 100". http://mathsframe.co.uk/en/resources/resource/37/placing_numbers_on_a_number_line

Bead Numbers – Number Puzzles

Problem solving – answer the questions using the abacus. http://www.bgfl.org/bgfl/custom/resources_ftp/client_ftp/ks2/maths/bead/index.htm

Line Dry Game

Fill in a missing number on the clothes line based on different skip counting patterns. http://www.fuelthebrain.com/games/line-dry/

Sequences

Find the correct number in a skip-counting sequence. Click "Full screen", then choose whole numbers. http://mathsframe.co.uk/en/resources/resource/42/sequences

Number Sequences

Skip-counting practice with lots of options – think the answer, then reveal it. http://www.topmarks.co.uk/Flash.aspx?f=NumberSequences

COMPARING

Balloon Pop Math – Order Numbers

Pop the balloons in order from smallest to largest. Choose level 1. http://www.sheppardsoftware.com/mathgames/placevalue/BPOrder1000.htm

Inequalities

Make two numbers with the given digits so the comparison is true. Use six digits for two 3-digit numbers. http://www.primarygames.co.uk/PG5/Inequal/sidequal.html

Make a Greater Number

Can you beat the computer's number? Make a 3-digit number with a greater value by choosing the place for each digit.

http://www.learnalberta.ca/content/me3us/flash/lessonLauncher.html?lesson=lessons/05/m3_05_00_x.swf

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

Mostly Postie

Drag the parcel onto the scales, then enter the value shown to deliver your letter or parcel. Practices counting in 10s and 100s http://www.ictgames.com/mostlyPostie.html

10-Question Quiz on Sums

Practice adding hundreds, tens, and ones. http://www.thatquiz.org/tq-c/?-j28-l4-p0

Adding/Subtracting Multiples of 100

Answer as many questions as you can in this online quiz. http://www.snappymaths.com/addsub/addsubp10/interactive/addsubmult100/addsubmult100.htm

Close Call Addition Card Game (Page 5 of PDF file)

Create sums as close to 100 as you can without going over. http://www.granby.k12.ct.us/uploaded/faculty/wyzika/Dice_and_Card_Games_to_Practice_Math_Facts.pdf

Speed Challenge

Practice adding up to make 1000. Choose "Bonds to make", then 1000. The answers are given at the end. http://www.topmarks.co.uk/Flash.aspx?f=SpeedChallenge

Addition Quiz – Multiples of Ten

Practice your addition skills with this online quiz. http://www.thatquiz.org/tq-1/?-jkg01-l1i-p0

Subtracting Multiples of 10 from 3-Digit Numbers

Answer as many questions as you can in this online quiz. http://www.snappymaths.com/addsub/addsubp10/interactive/subm10f3dm10int/subm10f3dm10int.htm

GRAPHS

Thatquiz.org Quiz for Graphs

A 10-question quiz involving bar graphs and pictographs. http://www.thatquiz.org/tq-5/?-j40v0h-l1-p0

Survey game

A game where you do a survey in which you ask children their favorite hobby or color. Make a frequency table, a bar graph, and a pictogram from the results. http://www.kidsmathgamesonline.com/numbers/mathdata.html



1. Count the ones, tens, and hundreds, and fill in the missing parts.



2. Count the ones, tens, and hundreds, and fill in the missing parts.



3. Write a sum of the hundreds, tens, and ones shown in the picture. Also write the number.



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Patterns and Problems

1. Three children played a card game where you get points for the cards left in your hand. The person who has the <u>least</u> points at the end of the game is the winner. The table shows the point count at a certain time in the game:

Then, Dan got 100 more points and Bill got 30 more points (Jim got none).

Add those to their point counts and write the new point counts in the grid.

The game ended now. Who won?

Jim	Dan	Bill
540	270	330

- 2. The bar graph shows how much money the Riley family spent for groceries in four different weeks.
 - a. Mark above each bar how much they spent for groceries in dollars.
 - **b.** How much more did they pay for week 3 than for week 4?
 - c. How much more did they pay for week 2 than for week 1?



3. Count by 20s, and fill in the grid.

520	540	560	
620			
820			
			1000

4. Fill in.



5. Continue the patterns!



6. Find what number goes in the oval.

Subtractions where the TOTAL is missing:	a. $() - 60 = 220$	b. $-80 = 510$
	c. $-500 = 100$	d. $-310 = 60$

e.
$$450 + \bigcirc = 750$$
 f. $716 + \bigcirc = 776$
 "How many more" additions

 g. $530 + \bigcirc = 590$
 h. $637 + \bigcirc = 697$
 "How many more" additions

What was subtracted is missing:	i. 1000 – () = 700	j. 740 – () = 40
	k. $667 - \bigcirc = 607$	I. 999 – = 299

Find what number goes into the oval!

 a. 980 - 200 -
$$= 80$$
 b. 784 - $-40 = 704$

 c. 210 + 50 + $= 310$
 d. 600 + $+30 = 720$

Bar Graphs and Pictographs

Bar graphs use "bars" or rectangles in them to show some information.



1. This bar graph shows how many hours some second grade students slept last night.

- a. How many students slept 8 hours last night?
- **b.** How many students slept 10 hours last night?
- c. *How many more* students slept 9 hours than the ones who slept 10 hours?
- **d.** A school nurse said that children need to sleep well for at least 8 hours. How many students slept *less than* 8 hours last night?
- e. How many students slept at least 8 hours last night?
- **f.** Make a pictograph. Draw ONE sleepy face <u>-</u> to mean <u>2 students</u>.

	Students
Students who slept less than 8 hours	
Students who slept at least 8 hours	
ample worksheet from	

www.mathmammoth.com

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Chapter 7: Measuring Introduction

The seventh chapter of *Math Mammoth Grade 2* covers measuring length and weight. The student measures and estimates length in inches and half-inches, and learns to measure to the nearest half-inch or to the nearest centimeter. The bigger units—feet, miles, meters, and kilometers—are introduced, but in this grade level the students do not yet study conversions between the units.

If you have the downloadable version of this book (PDF file), you need to print this file as 100%, not "shrink to fit," "print to fit," or similar. If you print "shrink to fit," some exercises about measuring in inches and centimeters will not come out right, but will be "shrunk" compared to reality.

The lessons on measuring weight have several activities to do at home using a bathroom scales. The goal is to let students become familiar with pounds and kilograms, and have an idea of how many pounds or kilograms some common things weigh.

When it comes to measuring, experience is the best teacher. So, encourage your child to use measuring devices (such as a measuring tape, ruler, and scales), and to "play" with them. In this way, the various measuring units start to become a normal part of his/her life, and will never be forgotten.

The concrete activities we do in second grade are laying an important foundation for familiarizing the students with measuring units. In third grade, the study of measuring turns toward conversions between the different units. We will study volume in later grades.

The Lessons

	page	span
Measuring to the Nearest Centimeter	57	3 pages
Inches and Half-Inches	60	3 pages
Some More Measuring	63	3 pages
Feet and Miles	66	3 pages
Meters and Kilometers	69	2 pages
Weight in Pounds	71	2 pages
Weight in Kilograms	73	2 pages
Mixed Review	75	3 pages
Review	78	1 page

Helpful Resources on the Internet

Use these free online resources to supplement the "bookwork" as you see fit.

Measure It!

Click on the ruler to measure a red bar. http://onlineintervention.funbrain.com/measure/index.html

Reading a tape measure worksheets

Worksheet generator: You can choose to what accuracy to measure, inches, or inches and feet. http://themathworksheetsite.com/read_tape.html

Inchy Picnic Game

Measure with a ruler to find how many inches Andy Ant needs to go. http://www.fuelthebrain.com/games/inchy-picnic/

Measuring activity

Measure the given lines with a centimeter-ruler, including lines you draw on your own. http://www.taw.org.uk/lic/itp/ruler_1_2.swf

Measurement Quiz

Practice measuring fish in centimeters. http://www.thatquiz.org/tq-9/math/measurement/

US Standard Measurements for Length

This page has clear explanations and good illustrations of the standard units for measuring length. https://www.mathsisfun.com/measure/us-standard-length.html

Measuring

Choose to measure with a metric or an imperial ruler and choose a level of difficulty. http://www.abcya.com/measuring.htm

Reading Scales

Helps teachers to illustrate a variety of measuring devices and how to read them. http://www.teacherled.com/2009/02/18/reading-scales-2/

Scales Reader

Practice reading the scales in grams and/or kilograms. http://www.ictgames.com/weight.html

Measuring scales

An interactive scales for the purpose of demonstrating how a scales works. You can add weights to the scales and choose to show or hide the total weight. http://www.taw.org.uk/lic/itp/itps/measuringScales 1 8.swf

Mostly Postie!

Choose "kg and half kg". Place a package on the scale, and enter the reading, including the possible "1/2 kg."

http://www.ictgames.com/mostlyPostie.html

Measuring to the Nearest Centimeter



1. How many centimeters long are these lines?



2. Measure the pencils with a centimeter ruler. If you don't have one, you can cut out the one from the bottom of this page. Then answer the questions.







4. Measure the lines to the nearest centimeter.



5. This line is 1 cm long: — I. Your finger is probably about that wide; put it on top of the 1-cm line and check! Guess how long these lines are. Then measure.



6. **a.** Find two small objects. Measure to find *about* how many centimeters longer one is than the other.

The	is about	cm longer

than the ______.

b. Find two other small objects. Measure to find *about* how many centimeters longer one is than the other.

The _____ is about _____ cm longer

than the ______.

7. Draw some lines here or on blank paper. Use a <u>ruler</u>. Hold the ruler down tight with one hand, while drawing the line with the other. It takes some practice!

a. 6 cm long

b. 3 cm long

c. 12 cm long

d. 17 cm long

8. Find some small objects. First GUESS how long or tall they are. Then measure. If the item is not exactly so-many centimeters long, then measure it to the nearest centimeter and write "about" before your cm-number, such as *about 8 cm*.

Item	GUESS	MEASUREMENT
	cm	cm

Inches and Half-Inches



1. How long are the lines of inches and half-inches when placed end-to-end?



2. How long are these things in inches?



You can cut out one of the rulers in this lesson and tape it on an existing ruler or cardboard after you have finished the exercises on this and the next page!

Sample worksheet from

www.mathmammoth.com

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Chapter 8: Regrouping in Addition and Subtraction Introduction

The eighth chapter of *Math Mammoth Grade 2* deals with regrouping in addition (a.k.a. carrying) and in subtraction (a.k.a. borrowing).

In the first lesson, the student adds three-digit numbers, regrouping in tens, but there is no regrouping in hundreds. Students already know how to regroup two-digit numbers, so this lesson only extends that knowledge to numbers that have three digits.

In the next lesson students regroup ten tens as a hundred (or carry to the hundreds). This is first illustrated with visual models. You can do the exercises that include visual models with manipulatives instead (base ten blocks), if you prefer.

Then we study regrouping twice: 10 ones form a new ten, and then 10 tens form a new hundred. Again, students work first with visual models, with the aim of helping them to understand the concept itself. Then, they do the process with numbers only, adding in columns.

Next, we study regrouping in subtraction, starting with two-digit numbers. First, students are taught to break 1 ten into 10 ones. For example, 5 tens 4 ones is written as 4 tens 14 ones—one ten gets "broken down" into 10 ones. This is the process of regrouping: one of the tens "changes groups" from being with the tens to being with the ones.

After students have mastered that, then it is time to use regrouping in subtraction problems and learn the traditional way of subtracting in columns (the numbers are written under each other).

Then we study word problems with more and fewer, and also several techniques or "tricks" for mental subtraction. The word problems in the chapter require both addition and subtraction. I do not like putting only subtraction word problems to a lesson that is about subtraction. Students need to practice recognizing whether a problem requires addition or subtraction, thus each set of word problems typically includes both kinds.

After this, it is time to study regrouping in subtraction with three-digit numbers. There are three cases:

- 1. Regrouping 1 ten as 10 ones, such as is needful for 546 229.
- 2. Regrouping 1 hundred as 10 tens, such as is needful for 728 441.
- 3. Regrouping two times (1 ten as 10 ones, and 1 hundred as 10 tens), such as is needful for 725 448.
- 4. Regrouping with zero tens, such as is needful for 405 278. Here, first we regroup 1 hundred as 10 tens, then 1 ten as 10 ones.

In 2nd grade, we ONLY study cases (1) and (2) from the list above. The other two will be studied in third grade. Again, students first practice the regrouping process with visual models. You could use base-ten blocks instead.

In the end of the chapter, students encounter bar graphs again. They also play Euclid's game, which is meant as a fun, supplemental lesson. You may omit it if time does not allow.

The Lessons

page	span
82	2 pages
84	4 pages
88	4 pages
92	3 pages
95	3 pages
98	4 pages
102	3 pages
105	2 pages
107	3 pages
110	3 pages
113	4 pages
117	2 pages
119	3 pages
122	2 pages
124	4 pages
	page 82 84 88 92 95 98 102 105 107 110 113 117 119 122 124

Helpful Resources on the Internet

Use these free online resources to supplement the "bookwork" as you see fit.

Regrouping in vertical addition

Shows hundreds, tens, ones as pictures, and asks you to regroup if needed. http://www.harcourtschool.com/justforkids/math/elab/samplepages/g3a02.htm

Addition Quiz

Practice 3-digit addition in columns in this online quiz. http://www.thatquiz.org/tq-1/?-jg41-lk-p0

Tic Tac Toe Addition

Practice adding on a Tic Tac Toe grid. http://www.funbrain.com/cgi-bin/ttt.cgi?A1=s&A2=11&A3=0

3-Digit Addition with Regrouping

Practice your addition skills in this interactive exercise. http://www.softschools.com/math/addition/3_digit_addition/3_digit_addition_with_regrouping/

Puzzle Pics Addition

Solve the addition problems to reveal the mystery picture. http://www.mathplayground.com/puzzle_pics_addition.html

Stop Before 1000

Use addition to come as close as you can to 1000 without going over. http://www.learnalberta.ca/content/me3us/flash/lessonLauncher.html?lesson=lessons/06/m3_06_00_x.swf

Callum's Addition Pyramid

Add the pairs of numbers to get a number on the next level and finally the top number. Choose the "hard" level to add two and three-digit numbers.

http://www.amblesideprimary.com/ambleweb/mentalmaths/pyramid.html

I'm the Greatest! Math card game (Page 6 of PDF file)

Practice finding the largest sum possible with this fun card game. http://www.granby.k12.ct.us/uploaded/faculty/wyzika/Dice_and_Card_Games_to_Practice_Math_Facts.pdf

SUBTRACTION

Math Model: Subtract 2-Digit Numbers with Regrouping

A step-by-step illustration of subtraction with regrouping. The numbers are illustrated using place value. http://www.harcourtschool.com/activity/math_models2/English/04/gr2ch10_3.html

Learning 2-Digit-Subtraction with Regrouping

Practice your subtraction skills in this 5-question quiz. http://www.softschools.com/math/subtraction/2_digit_subtraction/2_digit_subtraction_with_regrouping/

10-Question Subtraction Quiz

Practice basic subtraction concepts in this online quiz. http://www.thatquiz.org/tq-1/?-jg42-l5-p0

Speed Grid Challenge

Play against the clock in this fast-paced game. http://resources.oswego.org/games/SpeedGrid/Subtraction/urikasub1res.html

Puzzle Pics Subtraction

Solve the subtraction problems to reveal the mystery picture. http://www.mathplayground.com/puzzle_pics_subtraction.html

Subtraction by Splitting

Practice subtraction by splitting numbers. Choose the "Advanced" level. http://www.bbc.co.uk/skillswise/game/ma09subt-game-subtraction-by-splitting

Triple-Digit Subtraction Card Game

Practice making the smallest difference. This card game requires two players. http://www.mathgamesandactivities.com/tag/math-games-that-involve-regrouping/

GRAPHS AND PROBLEMS

Word Problems with Katie

Practice addition and subtraction in this online word problem exercise. http://www.mathplayground.com/WordProblemsWithKatie1.html

Word Problems

Practice addition and subtraction with this set of five word problems. http://www.mathplayground.com/wpdatabase/Addition_Subtraction_2DigitNRG_10.htm

Thatquiz.org Quiz for Graphs

A 10-question quiz involving bar graphs and pictographs. http://www.thatquiz.org/tq-5/?-j40v0h-l1-p0

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Regrouping 10 Tens as a Hundred



That is 12 tens. And, **10 tens makes a hundred!** So, we make a new hundred, and regroup that with the other hundreds, writing the new hundred with a little "1" in the hundreds column.

(We have 2 tens left over from that, and they stay in the tens column.)

1. Circle 10 ten-sticks to make a new hundred. Write the addition. Alternatively, you can do these exercises using base-ten blocks or similar manipulatives.



- a. ++ 90 40 +b. ++ 180 +140 +c. +350 63 ++d. + 262 384 +e. +. . . . + 370 345 +
- 2. Write the numbers in the grid, and add. Regroup. You can circle 10 ten-sticks in the picture to help you. Alternatively, you can do these exercises using base-ten blocks or similar manipulatives.

a.	b.	с.
70 + 40 =	50 + 60 =	90 + 50 =
170 + 40 =	150 + 60 =	290 + 50 =
270 + 40 =	250 + 60 =	490 + 50 =

4. Add. You need to regroup ten tens as a new hundred.

^{a.} $\begin{array}{c} 8 & 0 \\ + & 3 & 0 \end{array}$	b. $\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 2 & 0 \\ + & 9 & 0 \end{array}$	c. $6 \ 4 + 5 \ 3$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{e.} & 5 & 3 & 3 \\ + & 2 & 8 & 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$
f. 6 7	^{g.} 2 2 4	h. 4 6 4	i. 3 5 5	j. 787
+ 7 2	+ 1 9 3	+ 3 9 2	+ 3 7 4	+82

5. Add mentally. THINK of the new hundred you might get from adding the tens.

a.	b.	с.
70 + 40 =	80 + 60 =	290 + 50 =
130 + 40 =	270 + 60 =	220 + 50 =
160 + 50 =	130 + 50 =	190 + 20 =

6. What number was added? Think of regrouping!

a.	167	b. 2 4 0	c. 391	d. 653	e. 3 7 5
+	1 2	+ 1 _ 2	+ 4 _ 2	+ 1 _ 3	+ 1 4
	3 5 9	4 2 2	8 1 3	8 4 6	5 5 9

7. Add and match the answers with the letters in the key. Then use the key to unravel the message.

W	\mathbf{L}	Р	Τ	S
$ \begin{array}{r} 2 & 3 & 3 \\ + & 7 & 5 & 8 \end{array} $	5 5 3 + 3 4 6	5 9 7 $+ 3 3 0$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$
Ε	0	Α	Ε	I
$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	4 7 4 + 3 4 3	$ \begin{array}{r} 2 & 1 & 7 \\ + & 6 & 3 & 9 \end{array} $	470 + 399
G	Ν	R	F	Н
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$ \begin{array}{r} 8 & 5 \\ 2 & 0 & 5 \\ + & 6 & 4 & 3 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$



www.mathmammoth.com

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Review

1. Add.

a.	b.	c. 303	d.	4 0 9
2 1 5 + 4 7 7	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$ \begin{array}{r} 3 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 8 \\ + & 2 & 8 & 7 \end{array} $	4	2 1 9 - 1 3 6

2. Sarah bought three bicycles for her children. Each bicycle cost \$154. How much was the total cost?



3. Add mentally. THINK of the new hundred you might get from adding the tens.

a.	b.	с.
80 + 40 =	90 + 90 =	690 + 50 =
780 + 40 =	240 + 50 =	470 + 80 =

4. Find how many feet it is if you walk all of the way around this rectangle.





a.	8 8 - 5 4	+ 5 4	b. $\begin{array}{c} 6 & 3 \\ - & 4 & 8 \end{array} + \end{array}$
с.	8 4 - 4 9	+	d. $\frac{8 \ 8 \ 2}{-1 \ 5 \ 9} +$
е.	556 -391	+	f. $5\ 5\ 0$ $-\ 2\ 4\ 6$ +

5. Subtract. Regroup if necessary. Check each subtraction by *adding your answer and the number you subtracted*.

6. Subtract using mental math methods.

a. 15 – 7 =	b. 13 - 5 =	c. 82 - 77 =
55 - 7 =	93 - 5 =	45 - 41 =
d. 80 - 71 =	e. 56 - 40 =	f. 78 - 35 =
100 - 95 =	56 - 43 =	33 - 4 =

7. Find what numbers are missing.

a.	2 4	b. 5 <mark>9</mark>	c. 2 0	d. 68
	+ 4 7 7	+ 2 5	+ 6 6	+ 1 9
	7 3 1	914	892	900

8.	Solve.
8.	Solve.

 a. Some people are riding on the bus. At the bus stop, 13 people get on. Now there are 52 people on the bus. How many were there originally? 	
b. Molly has 23 stuffed toys that she likes, and 16 that she does not like.	
How many stuffed toys does Molly have?	
c. Molly gave the 16 toys she does not like to her sister Annie. Now, Annie has 33 toys.	
How many toys did Annie have before?	
d. Jessica had 465 points in a computer game. She played and got 145 more points. Then she also got a 90-point bonus! How many points does Jessica have now?	+
e. Olivia did 26 jumping jacks, which was 14 fewer jumping jacks than what her brother Aaron did. How many jumping jacks did Aaron do?	



CHILD	POINTS
Charlie	15
Bill	
Amy	
Cindy	
Sarah	

9. a. Fill in the table with how many points the children got in the game.

- **b.** How many fewer points did Bill get than Amy?
- c. How many more points did Cindy get than Charlie?



Chapter 9: Money Introduction

In chapter 9, students first count coins and bills, and learn to write money amounts in cents or in dollars. Then we practice finding change, starting with very easy problems, such as buying a 40¢ item and paying with \$1. Students also learn to find change by counting up. Only small money amounts are used. If you like, you can use real or fake money and set up a play store for these exercises.

Lastly, students add small money amounts in columns (where numbers are written under each other). This topic requires that they have mastered regrouping in addition as has been studied in chapter 8.

You can make free worksheets for counting coins at

www.homeschoolmath.net/worksheets/money.php, or using the worksheets generator that comes with the supportive materials of this curriculum.

The Lessons

	page	span
Counting Coins Review	130	4 pages
Change	134	3 pages
Dollars	137	3 pages
Counting Change	140	2 pages
Adding Money Amounts	142	2 pages
Mixed Review	144	3 pages
Review	147	2 pages

Helpful Resources on the Internet

Use these free online resources to supplement the "bookwork" as you see fit.

US Money Worksheets

Count common US coins or bills. You can choose which coins/bills will be used, and how many coins/bills are shown at most. Other currencies (Euro, Canadian, Australian, British, and South African) are available at www.homeschoolmath.net/worksheets

http://www.homeschoolmath.net/worksheets/money.php

Counting Money Activity from Harcourt

Count the coin value and type it into the box and click "Check". http://www.hbschool.com/activity/counting money/

Interactive Count Money Activity

This interactive tool allows children to practice counting money or the teacher to illustrate how to count money using a whiteboard.

http://www.homeschoolmath.net/interactives/count_money.php

Fruit Splat Coins 2

Click on the fruit that shows the amount of money that corresponds with the coins shown. You can choose which coins to practice.

http://www.sheppardsoftware.com/mathgames/money/fruit_shoot_coins2.htm

Counting Money from Math Nook

Click on the denominations in the cash drawer so that they add up to the correct answer. http://www.mathnook.com/math/countingmoneyint.html

Fruit Splat Dollars and Cents

Click on the fruit that shows the correct amount of money in dollars and cents. http://www.sheppardsoftware.com/mathgames/money/fruit_shoot_dollars_and_cents.htm

Coin Madness Addition

Click on the squares to add the numbers so that they equal the value under the word "Numbers". If you add the numbers fast enough, you will get bonus points. http://www.sheppardsoftware.com/mathgames/Add%20Like%20Mad%20Math/addlikemad_coin.htm

Dolphin Feed

Click on coins to add up to the correct amount of money and feed the dolphin a fish. http://www.abcya.com/money_counting.htm

Change Maker

Determine how many of each denomination you need to make the exact change. Good and clear pictures! Playable in US, Canadian, Mexican, UK, or Australian money. http://www.funbrain.com/cashreg/index.html

Cash Out

Give the correct change by clicking on the bills and coins. http://www.mrnussbaum.com/cashd.htm

Quiz

A 10-question quiz on making change. http://www.thatquiz.org/tq-a/?-j41-l8-p0

Coins and Medals from U.S. Mint

Learn about the history and see pictures of the circulating coins, commemorative coins, Native American \$1 Coin Program, and the Presidential \$1 Coin Program. Learn also how coins are made and take a virtual tour around the mint.

http://www.usmint.gov/kids/coinsMedals

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Change

When you buy something in a store, you often do not have the exact amount of money to pay for it. Instead, you give the clerk *more* money than what the item costs. The clerk then gives you some money back. This is called your *change*.

A pen costs 40¢. You don't have the coins to make exactly 40¢, so you give the clerk 50¢. That is 10¢ too much! But then the clerk gives you back 10¢ — your change.



The clerk gives you back the *difference* between the price and what you paid.

In each problem below, find the change you get back. Think of the DIFFERENCE between the price and what you pay. Or, think how many cents you paid "too much." That will be your change.

You can set up a "play store" to do these problems, using real money, one person as a clerk, and one person as a customer.

1. Write how many cents you give, and how many cents is your change.





2. Circle the coins you use to pay. Write how many cents your change is.

a. You buy a drink for 55¢.	You have:	Change:¢
b. You buy raisins for 33¢.	You have:	Change:¢
c. You buy a toy for 46¢.	You have:	Change:¢
d. You buy a book for 88¢.	You have:	Change:¢
e. You buy a basket for 75¢.	You have:	Change:¢
f. You buy crayons for 63¢.	You have:	Change:¢

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Chapter 10: Exploring Multiplication Introduction

The last chapter of *Math Mammoth Grade 2* covers the concept of multiplication, its connection with repeated addition, and some easy multiplication practice.

The lessons here are self-explanatory. The student first learns the meaning of multiplication as "many times the same size group". Then we practice writing multiplication as repeated addition and vice versa. Number line jumps are another way to illustrate multiplication.

The actual study and memorization of the multiplication tables is in the third grade. However, you can certainly help your child to notice the patterns in the easy tables of 2, 5, and 10, and encourage their memorization.

If the time allows and the child is receptive, you can study multiplication tables even further at this time.

page

span

The Lessons

P	~P
151	3 pages
154	4 pages
158	3 pages
161	2 pages
163	2 pages
166	2 pages
	151 154 158 161 163 166

Helpful Resources on the Internet

Use these free online resources to supplement the "bookwork" as you see fit.

Carl's Cookie Capers

Multiply to find out how many cookies Carl is baking. Choose level 1. http://www.multiplication.com/games/play/carls-cookie-capers

Skip Counting Game

Click the answer on the number line. You have 2 minutes to gain as many points as you can.

http://www.mathsisfun.com/numbers/skip-counting-game.html

Skip Count Advanced

Choose the number to skip count by. Then try to hit the fruit with the correct number. http://www.sheppardsoftware.com/mathgames/earlymath/SkipCountAdvanced.htm

Counting Game

Choose a number for skip-counting. Then finish filling the number line before the time runs out.

http://members.learningplanet.com/act/count/free.asp

Online Skip Counting Games

A collection of games for skip-counting. http://www.free-training-tutorial.com/skip-counting-games.html

Multiplication Number-lines

This interactive tool illustrates multiplication as jumps on a number line. http://www.ictgames.com/multinumberlines.html

Math Dice Game for Addition and Multiplication

Instructions for three simple games with dice; one to learn the concept of multiplication, another to practice the times tables, and one more for addition facts. http://www.teachingwithtlc.blogspot.com/2007/09/math-dice-games-for-addition-and.html

Multiplication Picnic

Some children are having a picnic. Multiply to find out how much food they have. http://www.sheppardsoftware.com/mathgames/earlymath/multiplicationPicnic.htm

Balloon Pop Math - Multiplication

Solve the problems and pop the balloons in order - from the smallest to the biggest answer. http://www.sheppardsoftware.com/mathgames/numberballoons/NumberBalloons tim

Matching Math Mixed Operations

Match the corresponding equations. http://www.sheppardsoftware.com/mathgames/matching/matchingMixed.htm

Winter Coloring Fun

Answer the multiplication problems to "unlock" the colors. Then, have fun coloring! http://www.multiplication.com/games/play/winter-coloring-fun

Many Times the Same Group

1. Write.

a. 2 times the word "CAT"	b. 3 times the word "ME"	c. 5 times the word "YOU"
d. 0 times the word	e. 4 times the word	f. 1 time the word
"FROG"	"SCHOOL"	"HERE"

2. Draw groups of balls.

b. 3 times a group of 5 balls	c. 1 time a group of 7 balls
e. 0 times a group of 2 balls	f. 3 times a group of 3 balls
h 4 times a group of 0 halls	: 5 times a group of 2 holls
	 b. 3 times a group of 5 balls e. 0 times a group of 2 balls

3. Fill in the missing parts.

a. <u>2</u> times <u>5</u>	b. times	c. times
		$\bigcirc]$
d. times	e times	f times

5 × 3	2 × 7
This means "5 times a group of 3."	This means "2 times a group of 7."
It is called multiplication .	You <i>multiply</i> 2 times 7.

4. Now it is your turn to draw! Notice also the symbol \times which is read "times."

a. 2 times 4 2 × 4	b. 3 times 6 3×6	c. 1 times 7 1 × 7
d. 6 times 1 6 × 1	e. 4 times 0 4×0	f. 2 times 2 2×2