Divisibility

A number a is *divisible* by another number b if the division $a \div b$ is exact (no remainder).

For example, $18 \div 3 = 6$. So, $\underline{18}$ is divisible by 3. Also, $\underline{18}$ is divisible by 6, because we can write the other division $18 \div 6 = 3$. So, 18 is divisible by both 6 and 3.

We say 6 and 3 are *divisors* or *factors* of 18.

You can use long division to check if a number is divisible by another.

$$67 \div 4 = 16$$
, R3. There is a remainder, so 67 is not divisible by 4.

Also, from this we learn that neither 4 nor 16 is a factor (divisor) of 67.
$$\frac{24}{3}$$

1. Divide and determine if the numbers are divisible by the given number.

a.
$$21 \div 3 =$$

Is 21 divisible by 3?

b.
$$40 \div 6 =$$

Is 40 divisible by 6?

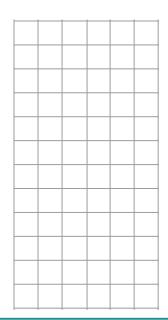
c.
$$17 \div 5 =$$

Is 5 a divisor of 17?

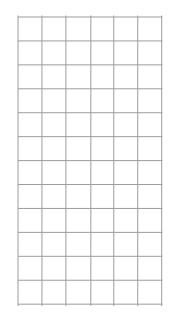
Is 7 a factor of 84?

2. Answer the questions. You may need long division.

a. Is 98 divisible by 4?



b. Is 603 divisible by 7?



c. Is 3 a factor of 1,256?

